can be maintained besides quality medical care at tertiary level.

**Achievement of Family Welfare Programme**

2703. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the targets set under various Family Welfare Programmes in the States of Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan during the last three years;

(b) how far these have been achieved; and

(c) the steps taken for the effective implementation of the programmes in these States?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI PABAN SINGH GHATOWAR): (a) and (b) Information is given at Annexure. *[See* Appendix 173, Annexure No. 55]

(c) An Action Plan formulated in consultation with the State Governments and Union Territories is under implementation. Its features include improving the quality and outreach of services, promotion of spacing methods among younger age couples, special focun on 90 lagging districts, involving voluntary and non-governmental organisations to promote coummunity participation and strengthening of interventions to promote maternal and child health care. Out of the 90 lagging districts receiving special attention, 83 are in these four States.

**Debate on the National Population Policy Draft**

2704. SHRI B.K. HARIPRASAD: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have studied the projections of India's population for the coming decade contained in the recently released the '1995 World Bank Atlas' and how far these projections tally with those of the Registrar General of India in his report submitted in November, 1994; and

(b) whether in spite of the new economic policy and increase in the economic growth rate, our per capita GDP in real terms has declined and also our per capita foodgrain production has declined from 575 gm per capita per day in 1988-89 to 551 gms per capita per day in 1993-94 and whether these could be attributed to the unchecked population growth?

THE DUPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI PABAN SINGH GHATOWAR): (a) "The World Bank Atlas-1995' has estimated India's population in 1993 at 900.543 million. According to the Registrar General of India, no report has been submitted in November, 1994. However, the population estimated by the Registrar General of India as on 1st July, 1993 was 883.910 million.

(b) Per Capita GDP at constant (1980-81) prices has gone up from Rs. 2341 in 1988-89 to Rs. 2624 (Quick Estimates) in 1993-94. According to Economic Survey 1994-95 per capita net availablity per day of food grains has gone up from 448.5 gms in 1988 to 464.4 gms (Provisional) in 1993.

**Steps to Control Plague**

2705. SHRI G.Y. KRISHNAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have initiated any steps aimed at better detection and control of plague scare particularly when the technical advisory committee set up by Government failed to "elucidate factors" responsible for the outbreak of the plague last year;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether the National Institute of Communicable Diseases (NICD) hosted

an international workshop on prevention and control of plague during this month; and

(d) the outcome of the review made at this meeting with special focus on its out break in India in 1994?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. C. SILVERA): (a) and (b) The Technical Advisory Committee is expected to submit its Final Report by April, 1995. However, as per the recommendations made by the Committee, in their Interim Report, activities like surveillance, training of workers and upgradation of laboratories have been initiated.

(c) and (d ) An on-site training in field investigation, prevention and control of plague was organised by National Institute of Communicable Diesease (NICD) during 28th February to 10th March'95 at NICD, Delhi, and in Beed district Maharashtra.

**परिवार नियोजन कार्यक्रमों में स्वयंसेवी संगठनों की भागीदारी**

2706. **श्री शंकर दयाल सिंह :** क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) देश में ऐसे कितने स्वयंसेवी संगठन हैं जो परिवार नियोजन कार्यक्रम में लगे हैं और जिन्हें केन्द्रीय सरकार से वित्तीय सहायता प्राप्त हो रही है:

(ख) क्या परिवार नियोजन अथवा जनसंख्या नियंत्रण कार्यक्रमों के लिए विदेशों से भी कोई सहायता-अनुदान प्राप्त हुए हैं; और

(ग) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में विगत तीन वर्षों का ब्यौरा क्या है?

**स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय में उपमंत्री (श्री पवन सिंह घाटोबार) :** (क) 1992-93 से परिवार कल्याण विभाग एवं राज्य सरकारों द्वारा 800 से अधिक गैर सरकारी संगठनों का वित्त पोषण किया गया है।

(ख) जी, हां।

(ग) उन प्रमुख कार्यक्रमों जिनके लिए बाहरी सहायता प्राप्त की जा रही है, सहित परिवार कल्याण कार्यक्रमों के लिए पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान विभिन्न एजेंसियों से प्राप्त विदेशी सहायता का ब्यौरा दर्शाने वाला एक विवरण संलग्न है।

## विवरण

### परिवार नियोजन कार्यक्रमों में स्वैच्छिक संगठनों की शिरकत

(करोड़ रुपये में)

| क्रम सं॰ | वित्त पोषक एजेंसी का नाम | वर्ष | | | प्रमुख कार्यक्रम/परियोजनाएं |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | 1991-92 | 1992-93 | 1993-94 | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 1. | विश्व बैंक | 86.81 | 162.17 | 240.71 | (i) 15 राज्यों में क्षेत्र विकास परियोजनाएं।<br>(ii) पूरे देश में चरणवार ढंग से शिशु जीवन रक्षा एवं सुरक्षित मातृत्व परियोजना।<br>(iii) उच्च जन्म दरों वाले 90 निर्धारित जिलों (9 राज्यों में स्थित) में सामाजिक सुरक्षा नेट। |
| 2. | यूनीसेफ | 11.92 | 10.28 | 2.67 | उड़ीसा तथा कर्नाटक में उप जिला-स्तरीय प्रसवोत्तर कार्यक्रम तथा नवीकरण परियोजनाएं। |